PRODUCT FICHE  Complying Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 392/2012	
Model name	KD-NHH8S7GW21-EN
Rated capacity (kg)	8
Type of Tumble Dryer	Heat Pump
Energy efficiency class (1)	A++
Annual Energy Consumption (kWh) (2)	235
Automatic of Non-automatic	Automatic
Energy Consumption of the standard cotton programme at full load (kWh)	1,91
Energy Consumption of the standard cotton programme at partial load (kWh)	1,07
Power consumption of the off-mode for the standard cotton programme at full load ${\rm P}_{\rm o}$ (W)	0,5
Power consumption of the left-on mode for the standard cotton programme at full load $P_L(W)$	1
The duration of the left mode on (min)	n/a
Standard cotton programme (3)	-
Programme time of the standard cotton programme at full load , T <sub>dry</sub> (min.)	189
Programme time of the standard cotton programme at partial load , T <sub>dry1/2</sub> (min.)	113
Weighted programme time of the standard cotton programme at full and partial load $(T_i)$	146
Condensation efficiency class (4)	В
Average condensation efficiency of the standard cotton programme at full load $C_{\mbox{\tiny dry}}$	81%
Average condensation efficiency of the standard cotton programme at partial load $C_{\text{dry1/2}}$	81%
Weighted condensation efficiency of the standard cotton programme at full load and partial load $\boldsymbol{C}_{t}$	81%
Sound power level for the standard cotton programme at full load (5)	65
Built-in	No

- (1) Scale from A+++ (most efficient) to D (least efficient)
- (2)Energyconsumption based on 160 drying cycles of the standard cotton programme at full and partial load, and the consumption of the low-power modes. Actual energy consumption per cycle will depend on how the appliance is used.
- (3) "Cotone Asciutto Armadio programme" used at full and partial load is the standard drying programme to which the information in the label and the fiche relates, that this programme is suitable for drying normal wet cotton laundry and that it is the most efficient programme in terms of energyconsumption for cotton
- (4) Scale from G (least efficient) to A (most efficient)
- (5) Weighted average value L wA expressed in dB(A) re 1 pW